**Steps to reduce trade deficit**

*162. SHRI MURL1DHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE: SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD;

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state;

(a) whether sharp increase in imports resulted in a sharp increase in the trade deficit during November and December, 1990 and January, 1991;

(b) the extent of imports and exports during each of these months and the trade deficit as registered in the first ten months Of the current fiscal year; and

(c) the steps taken during these months to contain the widening import-export gap and with what results?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI SUBRAMANIAN SWAMY): (a) and (b) The provisional figures of India's aggregate exports, imports and balance of trade during the current financial year are available upto December 1990. The trade deficit during November and December 1990 were Rs, 1859 crores and Rs. 1286 crores respectively. This represents a growth rate of 174. 6 per cent and 50. 8 per cent over the corresponding months of 1989-90. The main contributory factor behind the increase in trade deficit is the sharp rise in imports mainly accounted for by a steep hike in international oil prices following the Guif crisis in August 1990.

Exports in November 1990 are estimated at Rs. 2545 crores signifying. a growth rate of 19 per cent over November 1989. In December 1990, exports are estimated at Rs 2874 crores (growth of 23. 2 per cent over December 1989). Imports during November 1990 are estimated at Rs. 4404 showing an increase of 56. 4 per cent over November 1989. Imports during December 1990 are estimated at Rs. 4160 crores registering an increase of 30. 6 per cent The balance of trade deficit during April-December 1990 is estimated at Rs. 8535 crores as against Rs. 5518 crores during April-December 1989.

(c) The Government has Taken several initiatives to increase exports and reduce imports. The Government has set up an Empowered Committee of Secretaries on Balance of Payments to monitor the performance on export front and to explore possibilities Of providing additional exports with a small subsidy element, mainly in the form of CCS. Intensive discussions are taking place with exporters in all the major sectors to explore possibilities of creating additional exports. Following the Gulf crisis, special efforts have been made to find alternative markets to those affected by the Gulf crisis.

An inter-Ministriai Empowered Committee was set up under the chairmanship of Commerce Secretary to resolve problems of exporters to Gulf countries. This Committee took a number of decisions to 'facilitate continuance of exports to the Gulf region. Export Promotion Councils have also been requested to initiate steps to maintain the tempo of exports by exploring alternative markets Indian Missions in the Gulf region have been requested to identify items of export for which demand would have increased as a result of the war. Recently a committee has been set up under Special Secretary (Commerce) to explore ways of promoting project exports to the Gulf region Given the uncertainties in the world trading environment, we have initiated intensive bilateral discussions to boost exports, A beginning of this process has been made with the visit of a high level delegation led by Commerce Minister to China. Simultaneously efforts have also been made to curtail non-essential and low priority imports.

**Cash Compensatory support for tabocco exporters**

*163. DR. YELAMENCHILI SIVAJI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state;

(a) what amount was paid to the raw tabocco exporters as Cash Compensatory support during the last three years, year-wise; and

(b) what steps have been taken to ensure that the same percolates down to the growers?